Political Science
Chair: Todd Lochner
Administrative Coordinator: Claire Kodachi

Political scientists examine the theory and practice of government, law, and politics within the history of political ideas and philosophy, as well as within the context of contemporary political practices. They use the tools and methods of the social sciences to seek knowledge of political institutions and processes, and to learn how to think critically about public policies and their consequences. Political scientists attempt to evaluate how behavior (individual, group, and mass) affects political institutions, and how institutions shape and constrain political choices.

Because of their understanding and interest in political systems, students who earn degrees in political science often enter such career fields as government service, law, journalism, politics, public policy analysis, and education. Knowledge about politics often extends into other spheres, as graduates also pursue careers in medicine, business, and finance.

Resources for Nonmajors
Since political science is intrinsic to a liberal arts education, the department makes its courses open to all students. Political science courses guide students in using the discipline’s resources and in developing descriptive, analytical, evaluative, and communicative skills needed by participants in a liberal democracy. Two courses are entrées to the field: Introduction to Comparative Politics (POLS 102) and Introduction to American Politics (POLS 103).

The Major Program
The political science curriculum is organized around five sub-fields: American politics, comparative politics, political theory, public law, and methodology. Courses are offered in American politics and comparative politics at the introductory and advanced levels. Courses in public law, political theory, and methodology are normally taken only after students have completed introductory courses. The major culminates with a capstone course (which may take the form of a senior thesis by invitation). Capstone courses are advanced 400-level courses, usually specialized in their focus, that require intensive class discussion and a significant research paper. Note that a senior thesis is required for students seeking departmental honors.

Political science majors can pursue independent study under individual faculty supervision, including practical applications and experiences such as internships with elected officials, interest groups, and government agencies. The department’s semester of study in Washington, D.C., one of the more distinguished programs of its kind in the country, includes class meetings with some of America’s most influential politicians and decision makers, combined with a rigorous curriculum of in-class instruction.

The political science department uses local and regional resources, including visits to the Oregon state legislature in Salem and to county and city political offices in the Portland metropolitan area. Other resources include numerous governmental agencies in the Portland area, interest groups, and political movements.

The political science curriculum is organized into the following sub-fields:

American Politics
POLS 103 Introduction to American Politics
POLS 252 Public Opinion and Survey Research
POLS 253 Public Policy
POLS 275 Gender and Politics
POLS 302 Political Parties and Interest Groups
POLS 307 Government and the Economy
POLS 350 Congressional Politics
POLS 351 Presidential Politics
POLS 353 The National Policy Process
POLS 359 Religion and Politics
POLS 420 Policy Innovation

Comparative Politics
POLS 102 Introduction to Comparative Politics
POLS 250 Transitions to Democracy and Authoritarianism
POLS 322 Ethnicity and Nationalism
POLS 325 European Politics
POLS 354 Comparative Electoral Politics
POLS 435 Topics in Comparative Politics

Political Theory
POLS 309 American Political Thought
POLS 310 Pillars of Western Political Thought: Plato to Machiavelli
POLS 311 Pillars of Western Political Thought: Hobbes to Foucault
POLS 313 International Political Theory
POLS 316 Ethics and Public Policy
POLS 402 Problems in Political Theory

Public Law
POLS 301 American Constitutional Law: Equal Protection and Due Process
POLS 305 American Constitutional Law: Civil Liberties
POLS 410 Law, Politics, and Society
POLS 425 Legal Regulation of American Democracy

Methodology and Thesis
POLS 201 Research Methods in Political Science
POLS 400 Senior Thesis

Major Requirements
A minimum of 44 semester credits (11 courses), distributed as follows:
• POLS 102 Introduction to Comparative Politics
• POLS 103 Introduction to American Politics
• POLS 201 Research Methods in Political Science or IA 200 Research Methods for International Affairs
• POLS 301 American Constitutional Law: Equal Protection and Due Process or POLS 305 American Constitutional Law: Civil Liberties
• POLS 310 Pillars of Western Political Thought: Plato to Machiavelli or POLS 311 Pillars of Western Political Thought: Hobbes to Foucault
• Three 200, 300 or 400 level electives from at least two different sub-fields, at least two of which must be 300-level or higher. Students may apply one of the following IA courses as an elective in the comparative politics sub-field:
  - IA 232 Southeast Asian Politics
  - IA 290 Middle East Politics
  - IA 320 Democratization
• One 400-level course chosen from the following:
  - POLS 400 Senior Thesis
  - POLS 402 Problems in Political Theory
  - POLS 410 Law, Politics, and Society
  - POLS 420 Policy Innovation
  - POLS 425 Legal Regulation of American Democracy
  - POLS 435 Topics in Comparative Politics
• IA 100 Introduction to International Relations
• ECON 100 Principles of Economics

For all majors, courses in European and U.S. history, macroeconomics, and international political economy, as well as a semester in Washington, D.C., are recommended. Majors planning to attend law school should add courses in English literature, philosophy (including logic), mathematics, and history. Majors planning to attend graduate school in political science should take courses in mathematics, statistics, and other social sciences. Majors planning a career in politics, public policy, or urban planning should add courses in statistics, communication, economics, and psychology.

Honors and Senior Thesis
In the spring semester, juniors who have achieved a GPA of 3.000 or higher in the major and overall are invited to apply to the department for placement in POLS 400. Students who fall below a 3.000 GPA may be granted an exception to apply on a case-by-case basis. Majors who have achieved a GPA of 3.500 or higher in the major and overall may be considered for honors. After the student completes and formally presents the thesis, the political science faculty determine whether to grant honors upon graduation.

Faculty

POLS 102 Introduction to Comparative Politics
Faculty: Gilbert.
Content: Introduction to the central questions in comparative politics. Fundamental differences in the organization of states, democratic political institutions (presidentialism versus parliamentarianism, for example), and domestic social forces (for example, social capital, ethnic versus nonethnic identities). The impact of political organization on economic performance and social peace.
Prerequisites: None.
Usually offered: Annually, fall and spring semester.
Semester credits: 4.
POLS 103 Introduction to American Politics  
Faculty: Lochner, Seljan.  
Content: The politics of the founding period; interactions within and among the executive, legislative, and judicial branches; the federal division of institutionalized powers; public opinion, interest groups, and political parties; the policy process in areas such as defense, welfare, civil rights and liberties, and international affairs.  
Prerequisites: None.  
Usually offered: Annually, fall and spring semester.  
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 201 Research Methods in Political Science  
Faculty: Seljan.  
Content: Introduction to the methodological principles and issues in political science research, using readings within and beyond political science. Identifying variables and mechanisms, developing and testing theories, collecting and measuring data, and assessing a study’s ability to achieve causal inference. Introduction to different approaches to research, including experiments, case studies, and regression analysis. Strongly recommended for sophomores or juniors who have declared a POLS major, as this course is a prerequisite for thesis and some senior capstone courses.  
Prerequisites: POLS 102 or POLS 103.  
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required, unless section number is preceded by an "F."  
Usually offered: Annually, spring semester.  
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 244 Practicum  
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.  
Content: Opportunities for well-prepared students to put academic concepts and techniques to work in the marketplace. Specific activities vary; usually involve work with a public agency or private group. Credit-no credit. May be repeated for credit.  
Prerequisites: None.  
Restrictions: Considerable preparation before enrollment. Consult instructor and obtain the department’s instructions about the program well in advance. Sophomore standing required.  
Usually offered: Annually.  
Semester credits: 2-4.

POLS 250 Transitions to Democracy and Authoritarianism  
Faculty: Gilbert.  
Content: Why do some countries transition to democratic forms of rule while others do not? We will investigate this question by examining not only the rise of democracy, but also the origins and persistence of authoritarianism. While the course will consider historical processes of democratization and authoritarianism, emphasis will be placed on developments in the past thirty years. This course will draw on country examples from multiple world regions to illuminate why some autocrats have fallen and others have not—even in the current "age of democratization."  
Prerequisites: POLS 102 or permission of instructor.  
Usually offered: Alternate Years, fall and spring semester.  
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 252 Public Opinion and Survey Research  
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.  
Content: The role of public opinion in the American political process; the problem of identifying the public and the extent to which this public exercises political authority; techniques of researching public opinion. Political socialization, formation of attitudes, group differences, mass opinion, elite opinion, direct action. Research design, data collection, scaling, analysis, and interpretation of data in the context of research on polling.  
Prerequisites: None.  
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required, unless section number is preceded by an "F."  
Usually offered: Every third year, fall semester.  
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 253 Public Policy  
Faculty: Seljan.  
Content: Introduction to major issues in contemporary U.S. public policy, including the environment, social policy, criminal policy, education, health care, and the economy. Examination of the policy-making process, including the role of key policy makers, audiences, and institutions; methods of evaluating public policy, focusing on the difficulties of attributing causal efficacy. Students-led debates and exercises.  
Prerequisites: None.  
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required, unless section number is preceded by an "F."  
Usually offered: Annually, spring semester.  
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 275 Gender and Politics  
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.  
Content: Use of comparative and historical perspective to understand women as political actors. Notions of power, change, participation, politics. The suffrage struggle and the political situation in eastern and western Europe.  
Prerequisites: None.  
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required, unless section number is preceded by an "F."  
Usually offered: Every third year, spring semester.  
Semester credits: 4.
POLS 299 Independent Study
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.
Content: Opportunities for well-prepared students to design and pursue a substantive course of independent learning. Details determined by the student and the supervising instructor. Credit-no credit. May be repeated for credit.
Prerequisites: None.
Restrictions: Sophomore standing and consent required.
Usually offered: Annually, fall and spring semester.
Semester credits: 2-4.

POLS 301 American Constitutional Law: Equal Protection and Due Process
Faculty: Lochner.
Content: The U.S. Supreme Court and judicial review from 1787 to the present. The court’s landmark constitutional decisions, as well as the theory and techniques of constitutional interpretation. The court’s authority within the wider political and social context of American government, with emphasis on the court’s jurisprudence in the areas of equal protection (including segregation and desegregation, affirmative action, gender discrimination, and sexual orientation discrimination) and due process (including privacy and abortion rights). Discussions of actual Supreme Court rulings, majority opinions, and dissenting arguments, as well as the political and historical context of those decisions in an effort to understand how and why the Supreme Court has played such an influential role in American politics and political thought.
Prerequisites: POLS 103.
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required.
Usually offered: Annually, fall semester.
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 302 Political Parties and Interest Groups
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.
Content: The structure and functioning of political parties from the local to the national level; organization, staffing, and policy development of parties. Pluralist analysis, group theory, impact of interest group activity on the American political system.
Prerequisites: POLS 103.
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required.
Usually offered: Every third year.
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 305 American Constitutional Law: Civil Liberties
Faculty: Lochner.
Content: Focus on the First Amendment, particularly free speech (including areas of national security, incitement to lawless action, individual and group defamation, indecency, and obscenity), as well as criminal defendants’ rights (including Fourth Amendment search and seizure law, Fifth Amendment rights against self-incrimination, and Eighth Amendment prohibitions against cruel and unusual punishment in the context of the death penalty). Discussions of actual Supreme Court rulings, majority opinions, and dissenting arguments, as well as the political and historical context of those decisions in an effort to understand how and why the Supreme Court has played such an influential role in American politics and political thought.
Prerequisites: POLS 103.
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required.
Usually offered: Annually, spring semester.
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 307 Government and the Economy
Faculty: Seljan.
Content: A framework for analysis of the policy-making process. History, dynamics, and trends of major U.S. economic policies. The scope of American domestic policy; subsidies and aids to business, labor, agriculture, consumers; antitrust policy and the Federal Trade Commission; public-utility regulation; natural-resources policies; full employment; antipoverty and defense spending.
Prerequisites: None.
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required.
Usually offered: Alternate Years, fall semester.
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 309 American Political Thought
Faculty: Johnson.
Content: The evolution of political ideas from the prerevolutionary era through the founding period, Civil War, early 20th century, and New Deal, up to present divisions between “liberals,” “conservatives,” and other contemporary political orientations. Readings include Locke, Montesquieu, Madison, Jefferson, de Tocqueville, Lincoln, Keynes, Hayek, Harrington, and others.
Prerequisites: POLS 103 or consent of instructor.
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required.
Usually offered: Alternate Years, spring semester.
Semester credits: 4.
POLS 310 Pillars of Western Political Thought: Plato to Machiavelli
Faculty: Johnson.
Content: Great works of political philosophy from ancient Greece and Rome, early Christianity, and the Renaissance. Themes include the foundations of morality and justice, the role of hierarchy in politics, and the role of politics in cultivating human excellence. Works may include Thucydides’ History of the Peloponnesian War; Plato’s Apology, Crito, and Republic; Aristotle’s Nicomachean Ethics and Politics; Augustine’s City of God; and Machiavelli’s The Prince, among others. Prerequisites: None. Restrictions: Sophomore standing required. Usually offered: Annually, fall semester. Semester credits: 4.

POLS 311 Pillars of Western Political Thought: Hobbes to Foucault
Faculty: Johnson.
Content: Great works of political philosophy from early modernity to the present. Themes include social contract theory and justifications for obedience to government, revolutionary theory, the effects of democratic government on individuality and society, and the dangers of politics in the present day. Works may include Hobbes’ Leviathan, Locke’s Second Treatise of Government and A Letter Concerning Tolerance, Rousseau’s Discourse on the Origin of Inequality and On the Social Contract, Burke’s Reflections on the Revolution in France, Marx and Engels’ Manifesto of the Communist Party, de Tocqueville’s Democracy in America, Nietzsche’s Beyond Good and Evil, and Arendt’s The Origins of Totalitarianism. Prerequisites: None. Restrictions: Sophomore standing required. Usually offered: Annually, spring semester. Semester credits: 4.

POLS 313 International Political Theory
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.
Content: Normative issues in international politics, including such topics as national sovereignty, just war theory, international intervention, human rights, cultural rights, secession and self-determination, the competing ethics of patriotism, nationalism, and cosmopolitanism. Historical approaches through such thinkers as Thucydides, Hobbes, Kant, Mill, followed by contemporary readings, including such authors as Rawls, Walzer, Kymlicka, Rorty, Nussbaum. Prerequisites: None. Restrictions: Junior standing or consent required. Usually offered: Alternate Years, spring semester. Semester credits: 4.

POLS 316 Ethics and Public Policy
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.
Content: Rigorous consideration of controversial issues in contemporary normative political theory. Introduction to major frameworks for ethics. Topics may include abortion, euthanasia, punishment and the death penalty, multiculturalism, affirmative action, women’s rights, gay rights, animal rights, just war theory, social welfare. Prerequisites: None. Restrictions: Junior standing or consent required. Usually offered: Alternate Years, spring semester. Semester credits: 4.

POLS 322 Ethnicity and Nationalism
Faculty: Gilbert.
Content: Core concepts and issues of ethnic politics using a comparative perspective. Definitions of ethnicity, how it can be measured, and what separates ethnic and nonethnic identities. Nationalism as a specific form of ethnic identification. Ethnicity as independent and dependent variable. The formation of ethnic and national identification, and the consequences of those identities for political and social stability. Prerequisites: POLS 102. Restrictions: Sophomore standing required. Usually offered: Alternate Years, fall semester. Semester credits: 4.

POLS 325 European Politics
Faculty: Gilbert.
Content: This course addresses the many political challenges that face individual European countries and the European Union in the twenty-first century. To contextualize and understand these challenges, this course will first investigate Europe’s historical political development and then use a combination of in-depth case studies and comparative analyses to examine topics such as political parties, electoral systems, political participation, immigration, and post-communism. Throughout the course we will frequently compare the trajectory of Europe and individual European countries with the United States. Prerequisites: POLS 102. Restrictions: Sophomore standing required. Usually offered: Alternate Years, fall and spring semester. Semester credits: 4.

POLS 350 Congressional Politics
Faculty: Seljan.
Content: Constitutional foundations and the unfolding of various concepts of legislative power throughout the 19th and 20th centuries, and into the 21st century. The dynamics of Congress, its staffing, and how it and individual members manage different visions of legislative power. Other branches of government examined to illuminate the functioning and malfunctioning of the legislative branch. Prerequisites: POLS 103 recommended. Restrictions: Sophomore standing or consent required. Usually offered: Every third year, fall semester. Semester credits: 4.
POLS 351 Presidential Politics  
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.  
Content: Constitutional foundations and the unfolding of various concepts of executive power throughout the 19th and 20th centuries. The dynamics of the presidency and the extent to which one person can be held responsible for expanded responsibilities. The organizational models and practices of 20th-century presidents. Other branches of government examined to illuminate the functioning and malfunctioning of the executive branch.  
Prerequisites: POLS 103 recommended.  
Restrictions: Sophomore standing or consent required.  
Usually offered: Every third year.  
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 353 The National Policy Process  
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.  
Content: Theoretical foundations of national government and analysis of its congressional, presidential, administrative, and judicial structures. Specific public policies examined to understand the interaction of interest groups, political parties, research institutes, media, and public opinion with these structures. Offered on Washington, D.C., program.  
Prerequisites: POLS 103 or consent of instructor.  
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required. Acceptance into Washington, D.C., study abroad program required.  
Usually offered: Annually.  
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 354 Comparative Electoral Politics  
Faculty: Gilbert.  
Content: Political behavior and party competition through a country-based comparative perspective. Variation in the organization of political parties and electoral systems. The development of and changes to a country’s political and social cleavages. The consequences of electoral institutions and social organization on representation and competition.  
Prerequisites: POLS 102.  
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required.  
Usually offered: Alternate Years, spring semester.  
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 359 Religion and Politics  
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.  
Content: Measuring religiosity and how or if religious participation affects political participation. The role of the church as a political institution. Religious leaders as political leaders. Emphasis on religion in American politics.  
Prerequisites: POLS 103, RELS 101, or consent of instructor.  
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required.  
Usually offered: Every third year, fall semester.  
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 400 Senior Thesis  
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.  
Content: Choosing a definitive topic and narrowing it; developing a research design, doing the research, submitting drafts, revising drafts, polishing final copy. Presenting thesis to political science faculty and seniors for critique, rewrite of thesis. Final form due at end of semester. Normally taken for 2 credits in both fall and spring semesters of senior year for a total of 4 credits.  
Prerequisites: POLS 102, POLS 103, and POLS 201.  
Restrictions: Sophomore standing required.  
Usually offered: Annually, fall and spring semester.  
Semester credits: 2-4.

POLS 402 Problems in Political Theory  
Faculty: Johnson.  
Content: Advanced analysis of a specific problem, theme, or concept intriguing to political theorists. Specific content varies. Themes have included revolution, utopia, the American founding, Nietzsche, identity and self-creation, and the philosophy of history.  
Prerequisites: None.  
Restrictions: Junior standing required. Open to sophomores with consent of instructor only.  
Usually offered: Alternate Years, spring semester.  
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 410 Law, Politics, and Society  
Faculty: Lochner.  
Content: The role of law and legal institutions in the American political system. Examination of institutional actors, such as lawyers, judges, and juries, as well as an examination of discrete case studies, such as "mass torts," environmental litigation, and criminal justice policy. What features define the American legal system; how does this system compare to the legal systems of other countries; what are its respective advantages and disadvantages? This course serves to meet the capstone requirement of the Department of Political Science.  
Prerequisites: POLS 103.  
Restrictions: Junior standing or consent required.  
Usually offered: Alternate Years.  
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 420 Policy Innovation  
Faculty: Seljan.  
Content: Explores successful and failed public policy experiments by state and local governments. Examines the origins of policy innovations and what factors encourage policy entrepreneurship. Introduces advanced quantitative analysis skills. Culminates in an original, independent research project. This course serves to meet the capstone requirement of the Department of Political Science.  
Prerequisites: POLS 201.  
Restrictions: Junior standing or consent of instructor.  
Usually offered: Alternate Years, spring semester.  
Semester credits: 4.
POLS 425 Legal Regulation of American Democracy
Faculty: Lochner.
Content: The legal regulation of the American political system. The equal protection concept of voting rights, particularly the "One Person, One Vote" rule and the Voting Rights Act, and federal campaign-finance regulation. Additional topics include the constitutional rights of political parties and the law relating to ballot propositions. Discussion of descriptive and normative issues. This course is taught at the law school.
Prerequisites: POLS 301.
Restrictions: Junior standing or consent required.
Usually offered: Annually, spring semester.
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 435 Topics in Comparative Politics
Faculty: Gilbert.
Content: Advanced seminar focusing on problems and concepts in comparative politics. Specific content varies; examples of topics include state failure and civil war, electoral competition and legislative behavior, migration and integration, institutional design, and ethnicity and nationalism. Assignments are organized around a substantial seminar paper (25 pages or longer)
Prerequisites: POLS 102.
Restrictions: Senior standing or consent required.
Usually offered: Every third year, spring semester.
Semester credits: 4.

POLS 444 Practicum
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.
Content: Same as POLS 244 but requiring more advanced work. May be repeated for credit.
Prerequisites: None.
Restrictions: Sophomore standing and consent required.
Usually offered: Annually.
Semester credits: 2-4.

POLS 499 Independent Study
Faculty: Political Science Faculty.
Content: Same as POLS 299 but requiring more advanced work. May be repeated for credit.
Prerequisites: None.
Restrictions: Sophomore standing and consent required.
Usually offered: Annually.
Semester credits: 2-4.